



## The Public Health England (PHE) Local Authority Health Profile 2018 for Merton

**Purpose** – To highlight updated numbers in the PHE Local Authority Health Profile 2018 which were not included in the Merton story 2018.

The PHE Local Authority Health Profile 2018 for Merton is a longstanding annually updated summary of Merton designed to help local government and health services understand their community's needs, so that they can work together to improve people's health and reduce inequalities.

**Under 75 mortality rates for all causes** in 2014-2016 was 292.5 per 100,000 (1,182 deaths) and is better than the England average, 333.8 per 100,000. Generally, trends show a decline for both males and females in Merton and England. **Under 75 mortality rates for cardiovascular disease** in 2014-2016 was 70.7 per 100,000 (273 deaths) and is similar to England, 73.5 per 100,000. There has been a declining trend for both Merton and England. **Under 75 mortality rates for cancer** in 2014-2016 was 124.1 per 100,000 (488 deaths) and is better than the England average, 136.8 per 100,000. There has been a declining trend for both Merton and England.

**Hip fractures in older people aged over 65** in 2016/17 were 557.5 per 100,000 (146 people) and is similar to the England average, 575 per 100,000. 54.1% (336 people) of **cancer diagnoses was diagnosed at an early stage** in 2016 and is higher than England, 52.6%.

28.1 per 100,000 (39 people) under 18 year olds had **alcohol-specific hospital stays** in 2014/15-2016/17 and is similar to the England average, 34.2 per 100,000. 68.3% of adults aged over 19 years were **physically active** which is similar to the England average, 66%. 56.7% of adults aged over 18 years had **excess weight** which is similar to the England average, 61.3%.

4.4% (116) of women had a **smoking status at time of delivery** in 2016/17 and is better than the England average, 10.7%. **Infant mortality rates** in 2014-2016 were 2.9 per 1,000 (10 deaths per year) which is similar to the England average, 3.9 per 1,000.

69.2% (1,169) of students achieved **5 A\*-C GCSEs (including English and Maths)** in 2015/2016 which is better than the England average, 57.8%. The **employment rate in people aged 16-64 years** was 77.8% (108,600 people) in 2016/17 which is similar to the England average, 74.4%. 52 households were **statutory homeless** in 2016/2017 which is a rate of 0.6 per 1,000 households and is better than the England average, 0.8 per 1,000 households. There were 3,334 cases of **violent crime offences** in 2016/2017, a rate of 16.3 per 1,000 people which is better than the England average, 20 per 1,000.

### Further Information –

The Merton Story 2018 can be found here: <https://www2.merton.gov.uk/health-social-care/publichealth/jsna.htm>

# Health summary for Merton

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's value for each indicator is shown as a circle. The England average is shown by the red line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator. However, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

- Significantly worse than England average
- Not significantly different from England average
- Significantly better than England average
- Not compared



	Indicator names	Period	Local count	Local value	Eng value	Eng worst		Eng best
Life expectancy and causes of death	1 Life expectancy at birth (Male)	2014 - 16	n/a	80.8	79.5	74.2		83.7
	2 Life expectancy at birth (Female)	2014 - 16	n/a	84.2	83.1	79.4		86.8
	3 Under 75 mortality rate: all causes	2014 - 16	1,182	292.5	333.8	545.7		215.2
	4 Under 75 mortality rate: cardiovascular	2014 - 16	273	70.7	73.5	141.3		42.3
	5 Under 75 mortality rate: cancer	2014 - 16	488	124.1	136.8	195.3		99.1
	6 Suicide rate	2014 - 16	44	9.0	9.9	18.3		4.6
Injures and ill health	7 Killed and seriously injured on roads	2014 - 16	130	21.2	39.7	110.4		13.5
	8 Hospital stays for self-harm	2016/17	194	97.6	185.3	578.9		50.6
	9 Hip fractures in older people (aged 65+)	2016/17	146	557.5	575.0	854.2		364.7
	10 Cancer diagnosed at early stage	2016	336	54.1	52.6	39.3		61.9
	11 Diabetes diagnoses (aged 17+)	2017	n/a	74.5	77.1	54.3		96.3
	12 Dementia diagnoses (aged 65+)	2017	1,119	66.6	67.9	45.1		90.8
Behavioural risk factors	13 Alcohol-specific hospital stays (under 18s)	2014/15 - 16/17	39	28.1	34.2	100.0		6.5
	14 Alcohol-related harm hospital stays	2016/17	881	495.1	636.4	1,151.1		388.2
	15 Smoking prevalence in adults (aged 18+)	2017	18,389	11.5	14.9	24.8		4.6
	16 Physically active adults (aged 19+)	2016/17	n/a	68.3	66.0	53.3		78.8
	17 Excess weight in adults (aged 18+)	2016/17	n/a	56.7	61.3	74.9		40.5
Child health	18 Under 18 conceptions	2016	49	16.5	18.8	36.7		3.3
	19 Smoking status at time of delivery	2016/17	116	4.4	10.7	28.1		2.3
	20 Breastfeeding initiation	2016/17	2,441	n/a	74.5	37.9		96.7
	21 Infant mortality rate	2014 - 16	29	2.9	3.9	7.9		0.0
	22 Obese children (aged 10-11)	2016/17	409	21.2	20.0	29.2		8.8
Inequalities	23 Deprivation score (IMD 2015)	2015	n/a	14.9	21.8	42.0		5.0
	24 Smoking prevalence: routine and manual occupations	2017	n/a	22.9	25.7	48.7		5.1
Wider determinants of health	25 Children in low income families (under 16s)	2015	5,305	13.3	16.8	30.5		5.7
	26 GCSEs achieved	2015/16	1,169	69.2	57.8	44.8		78.7
	27 Employment rate (aged 16-64)	2016/17	108,600	77.8	74.4	59.8		88.5
	28 Statutory homelessness	2016/17	52	0.6	0.8			
	29 Violent crime (violence offences)	2016/17	3,334	16.3	20.0	42.2		5.7
Health protection	30 Excess winter deaths	Aug 2013 - Jul 2016	144	12.1	17.9	30.3		6.3
	31 New sexually transmitted infections	2017	1,582	1,123.9	793.8	3,215.3		266.6
	32 New cases of tuberculosis	2014 - 16	144	23.5	10.9	69.0		0.0