Appendix A – Abbreviations and Glossary

Abbreviations
AAP - Area Action Plan
AQAP - Air Quality Action Plan
AQMA - Air Quality Management Area
CCTV - Closed Circuit Television
CS - LDF Core Strategy
CPZ - Controlled Parking Zone
DfT - Department for Transport
DPD - Development Plan Document
DVI - Detailed Visual Inspection
EU - European Union
EV - Electric Vehicle
FCC - First Capital Connect
GLA - Greater London Authority
HAMP - Highway Asset Management Plan
HGV - Heavy Goods Vehicle
iBUS - Intelligent Input Bus
KSI - Killed or Seriously Injured
LB - London Borough
LCN - London Cycle Network
LCZ - Low Carbon Zone
LDA - London Development Agency
LDF - Local Development Framework
LEZ - London Emissions Zone
LIP - Local Implementation Plan
LLCS - London Lorry Control Scheme
LoBEG - Local Bridge Engineers Group
LRSU - London Road Safety Unit
LTCC - London Traffic Control Centre
LTDS - London Travel Demand Survey
MCC - Merton Cycle Campaign
MTS - Mayor’s Transport Strategy
ONS - Office for National Statistics
PCT - Primary Care Trust
PTAL - Public Transport Accessibility Level
PTLG - Public Transport Liaison Group
RUSS - Route Utilisation Strategy (rail)
S106 - Section 106
SLP - South London Partnership
SPD - Supplementary Planning Document
SRTP - Sub-regional Transport Plan
STP - School Travel Plan
SWT - South West Trains
TfL - Transport for London
TLRN - Transport for London Road Network
TOC - Train Operating Company
WVLCZ - Wandle Valley Low Carbon Zone
Appendix A – Abbreviations and Glossary

Glossary

Air quality - The main air pollutant emissions from ground-based transport are:
- Oxides of nitrogen
- Particulate matter of varying size fractions, notably PM10 and PM2.5
- Carbon dioxide

Air Quality Management Area - An area which a local authority has designated for action, based upon a prediction that Air Quality Objectives will be exceeded.

Better Streets – A street with a minimal amount of visual clutter and obstacles that encourages a degree of negotiation between road users.

Carbon dioxide (CO₂) - The primary greenhouse gas emission associated with transport.

Car clubs - A car club provides its members with quick and easy access to cars for hire. Members can make use of car club vehicles as and when they need them.

Department for Transport (DfT) - The Government department responsible for the UK transport network.

Greater London Authority (GLA) - The region-wide governing body of London. It consists of a directly elected executive Mayor of London and an elected 25-member London Assembly with scrutiny powers.

Heavy goods vehicles (HGVs) - Motor vehicles (for example, trucks/ lorries) with a maximum gross vehicle weight of more than 3.5 tonnes.

London Plan - The Mayor of London’s spatial development strategy for London.

London sub-regions – For TfL purposes London is subdivided into regions that contain the following boroughs:
- Central London region: Cities of London and Westminster, plus the boroughs of Camden, Islington, Kensington & Chelsea, Lambeth and Southwark
- North London region: Boroughs of Barnet, Enfield, Haringey and Waltham Forest
- East London region: Boroughs of Barking & Dagenham, Bexley, Greenwich, Hackney, Havering, Lewisham, Newham, Redbridge and Tower Hamlets
- South London region: Boroughs of Bromley, Croydon, Kingston upon Thames, Merton, Richmond upon Thames, Sutton and Wandsworth
- West London region: Boroughs of Brent, Ealing, Hammersmith & Fulham, Harrow, Hillingdon and Hounslow

Low Emission Zone (LEZ) - The application of charges across Greater London based on emissions of air pollutants to reduce the amount of harmful vehicular emissions in the city.

Outer London Commission - The Outer London Commission was established by the Mayor to explore how Outer London can better realise its economic potential. Its membership includes representatives of business, the boroughs, the (property) development industry and the voluntary sector.

Public Transport Accessibility Level (PTAL) - This is a measure of accessibility to the public transport network. For any given point in London, PTALs combine walk time to the network (stations, bus stops) with service wait time at these
stops to give an overall accessibility index. This can be allocated to six accessibility levels with one being poor and six being excellent.

**Smarter travel** - Programmes of targeted measures to promote sustainable travel, helping to reduce congestion and crowding and mitigate environmental impacts of transport.

**South London Partnership (SLP)** – Regional body representing the South within TfL’s London sub-regions.

**Spatial Planning** - Goes beyond traditional land-use planning to bring together and integrate policies for development and use of land with other policies and programmes which influence the nature of places and how they function.

**Transport for London Road Network (TLRN)** - Described in the GLA Act 1999 as the Greater London Authority Road Network. It comprises 580km of London’s red routes and other important streets.

**Train operating companies (TOCs)** - Businesses operating passenger trains on the railway system of mainland Great Britain under the collective National Rail brand.

**Wandle Valley Low Carbon Zone** - The Wandle Valley Low Carbon Zone is an area located in a small part of the Phipps Bridge and Cherry Tree Estates. The aim of the zone is to reduce the area’s CO2 emissions by over 20% by spring 2012 by inspiring residents to lead a greener life.