

Appendix A – Abbreviations and Glossary

Abbreviations

AAP- Area Action Plan

AQAP- Air Quality Action Plan

AQMA- Air Quality Management Area

CCTV- Closed Circuit Television

CS- LDF Core Strategy

CPZ- Controlled Parking Zone

DfT- Department for Transport

DPD- Development Plan Document

DVI- Detailed Visual Inspection

EU- European Union

EV- Electric Vehicle

FCC – First Capital Connect

GLA- Greater London Authority

HAMP- Highway Asset Management Plan

HGV- Heavy Goods Vehicle

iBUS - Intelligent Input Bus

KSI- Killed or Seriously Injured

LB- London Borough

LCN- London Cycle Network

LCZ – Low Carbon Zone

LDA- London Development Agency

LDF- Local Development Framework

LEZ- London Emissions Zone

LIP- Local Implementation Plan

LLCS- London Lorry Control Scheme

LoBEG- Local Bridge Engineers Group

LRSU – London Road Safety Unit

LTCC- London Traffic Control Centre

LTDS - London Travel Demand Survey

MCC – Merton Cycle Campaign

MTS- Mayor's Transport Strategy

ONS- Office for National Statistics

PCT- Primary Care Trust

PTAL- Public Transport Accessibility Level

PTLG- Public Transport Liaison Group

RUSS – Route Utilisation Strategy (rail)

S106- Section 106

SLP – South London Partnership

SPD- Supplementary Planning Document

SRTP- Sub-regional Transport Plan

STP- School Travel Plan

SWT- South West Trains

TfL- Transport for London

TLRN- Transport for London Road Network

TOC- Train Operating Company

WVLCZ - Wandle Valley Low Carbon Zone

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Glossary

Air quality - The main air pollutant emissions from ground-based transport are:

- Oxides of nitrogen
- Particulate matter of varying size fractions, notably PM10 and PM2.5
- Carbon dioxide

Air Quality Management Area - An area which a local authority has designated for action, based upon a prediction that Air Quality Objectives will be exceeded.

Better Streets – A street with a minimal amount of visual clutter and obstacles that encourages a degree of negotiation between road users.

Carbon dioxide (CO₂) - The primary greenhouse gas emission associated with transport.

Car clubs - A car club provides its members with quick and easy access to cars for hire. Members can make use of car club vehicles as and when they need them.

Department for Transport (DfT) -The Government department responsible for the UK transport network.

Greater London Authority (GLA) - The region-wide governing body of London. It consists of a directly elected executive Mayor of London and an elected 25-member London Assembly with scrutiny powers.

Heavy goods vehicles (HGVs) - Motor vehicles (for example, trucks/ lorries) with a maximum gross vehicle weight of more than 3.5 tonnes.

London Plan - The Mayor of London's spatial development strategy for London.

London sub-regions – For TfL purposes London is sub-divided into regions that contain the following boroughs:

- Central London region: Cities of London and Westminster, plus the boroughs of Camden, Islington, Kensington & Chelsea, Lambeth and Southwark
- North London region: Boroughs of Barnet, Enfield, Haringey and Waltham Forest
- East London region: Boroughs of Barking & Dagenham, Bexley, Greenwich, Hackney, Havering, Lewisham, Newham, Redbridge and Tower Hamlets
- South London region: Boroughs of Bromley, Croydon, Kingston upon Thames, Merton, Richmond upon Thames, Sutton and Wandsworth
- West London region: Boroughs of Brent, Ealing, Hammersmith & Fulham, Harrow, Hillingdon and Hounslow

Low Emission Zone (LEZ) - The application of charges across Greater London based on emissions of air pollutants to reduce the amount of harmful vehicular emissions in the city.

Outer London Commission - The Outer London Commission was established by the Mayor to explore how Outer London can better realise its economic potential. Its membership includes representatives of business, the boroughs, the (property) development industry and the voluntary sector.

Public Transport Accessibility Level (PTAL) - This is a measure of accessibility to the public transport network. For any given point in London, PTALs combine walk time to the network (stations, bus stops) with service wait time at these

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stops to give an overall accessibility index. This can be allocated to six accessibility levels with one being poor and six being excellent.

Smarter travel - Programmes of targeted measures to promote sustainable travel, helping to reduce congestion and crowding and mitigate environmental impacts of transport.

South London Partnership (SLP) – Regional body representing the South within TfL's London sub-regions.

Spatial Planning - Goes beyond traditional land-use planning to bring together and integrate policies for development and use of land with other policies and programmes which influence the nature of places and how they function.

Transport for London Road Network (TLRN) - Described in the GLA Act 1999 as the Greater London Authority Road Network. It comprises 580km of London's red routes and other important streets.

Train operating companies (TOCs) - Businesses operating passenger trains on the railway system of mainland Great Britain under the collective National Rail brand.

Wandle Valley Low Carbon Zone - The Wandle Valley Low Carbon Zone is an area located in a small part of the Phipps Bridge and Cherry Tree Estates. The aim of the zone is to reduce the area's CO2 emissions by over 20% by spring 2012 by inspiring residents to lead a greener life.